

# Swine Worksheet

**Match the term on the left with the definition on the right.**

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|---------------|---|
| ___ 1. Boar   | a. A female pig that has had a litter     |
| ___ 2. Sow    | b. A mature male pig                      |
| ___ 3. Piglet | c. A female pig that has not had a litter |
| ___ 4. Barrow | d. A castrated male pig                   |
| ___ 5. Gilt   | e. A baby pig                             |

**Choose the best answer for each question and put the letter in the blank.**

- \_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_\_\_ is the name for pig meat.
- a. Veal
  - b. Pork
  - c. Venison
  - d. Mutton
- \_\_\_ 7. \_\_\_\_\_ is the term for being able to have lots of babies or to reproduce quickly.
- a. Prophylactic
  - b. Proportionate
  - c. Propionate
  - d. Prolificacy
- \_\_\_ 8. The \_\_\_\_\_ breed originated in the United States.
- a. Yorkshire
  - b. Landrace
  - c. Duroc
  - d. Berkshire
- \_\_\_ 9. The \_\_\_\_\_ is the largest breed of pigs we studied.
- a. Poland China
  - b. Yorkshire
  - c. Landrace
  - d. Chester White
- \_\_\_ 10. \_\_\_\_\_ is the process of a sow giving birth to piglets.
- a. Swining
  - b. Pigging
  - c. Farrowing
  - d. Whelping

**Decide whether the statement is true or false, then if it is false, rewrite the statement to make it true.**

- T    F    11. Landrace pigs have short backs which makes it hard for them to have large litters.
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T F 12. When processing piglets, the pig's right ear is reserved for the litter number.

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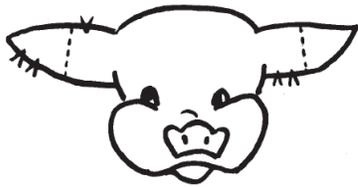
T F 13. The reason we clip the needle teeth of piglets is because they often get infected and kill the piglet.

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T F 14. Most swine operations castrate the male piglets as soon as they are weaned to make it less traumatic on the animal.

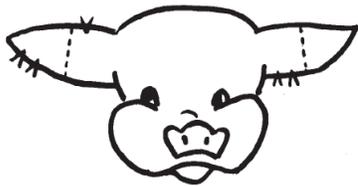
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**Draw a picture of a pig's ear to demonstrate the litter and pig numbers indicated.**



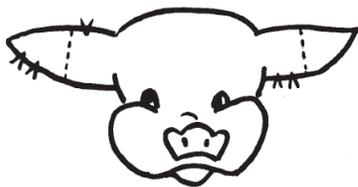
15.

Pig number 5 and litter number 13



16.

Pig number 1 and litter number 31



17.

Pig number 9 and litter number 24